Practical Troubleshooting of

INSTRUMENTATION,
ELECTRICAL AND
PROCESS CONTROL

Systems for Engineers & Technicians

YOU WILL LEARN HOW TO:

- Competently diagnose and fix fault conditions
- Reliably explain the nature of faults, how they should be repaired and how the system should be tested on completion
- Accurately interpret drawings and documentation
- Troubleshoot communication links using test equipment and available software packages - IDC's Protocol Analysis Tool (PAT)
  Free copy of this tool for all delegates
- Demonstrate a working knowledge of how instrumentation, electrical and process control systems are interfaced
- Compile concise fault analysis reports and make recommendations to prevent a recurrence

WHO SHOULD ATTEND:

This workshop is designed for personnel with a need to understand the techniques required to use and apply industrial fault finding, troubleshooting and repair technology as productively and economically as possible. This includes engineers and technicians involved with:

- Control and Instrumentation
- SCADA and Telemetry Systems
- Process Control
- Electrical and Instrumentation Installations
- Consulting and Design
- Process Development
- Control Systems
- Maintenance Supervisors
- Project Management

Technology Training that Works
This interactive workshop uses a systems approach to troubleshooting and is designed to encourage delegates to take a new look at the methodology of fault finding and rectification on their plant. Having covered the types of equipment, we look at first line troubleshooting, then the advanced level and finally work through some typical examples.

The first step is to get to grips with the processes and relevant process variables, then to look at their measurements and the basics of the systems that control them.

Troubleshooting basics cover the systematic approach to information gathering, fault diagnosis and decision-making. Emphasis is placed on gathering relevant information and using it to prove where the fault isn’t; thereby eliminating false decisions and ‘red herrings’.

Having implemented the right solution, we then look at how to learn from the experience and prevent a recurrence.

‘First Level’ troubleshooting will help in localising the faulty module or sub-system and narrow it down to a set of possible components. The ‘Advanced’ chapters will cover more details/expert level investigation and will address the component level and, more importantly, a validation of the decision taken at the first level trouble-shooting; verifying if it requires a component change - incorrect decisions at this stage have significant cost implications.

Taking the case of an apparent PLC fault, first level trouble-shooting can eliminate the PLC from the actual fault condition and pin-point the section of a plant where the real fault may be located; typically a range of 5 to 10 components. The advanced section will focus more on tracing faults to the final component and might require using more sophisticated equipment, and/or debugging. The point is that if the PLC programming was correctly commissioned, it will not be the cause of the problem.

Similarly, first line motor faults can be related to individual motors, drive circuitry, relays and switches etc. The advanced trouble-shooting will cover tracing the fault to the specific IC or other drive component, such as a thyristor or fuse. In some cases, a re-calibration of the drive might also be required. The assumption here is that most faults can be traced to fuses, misaligned components and loose connections etc. This can be addressed by First Line troubleshooting. If the fault goes beyond this and is caused by a faulty component, it needs to be verified by a person with more expertise. Rarely is incorrect configuration or malfunctioning coding the actual problem.

Emphasis is placed on the diagnositician’s dependence on accurate drawings and documentation and the need to be able to correctly interpret the facts contained in drawings and documentation. Clients often feel the same way about these problems; where components are being replaced more on an ad-hoc basis, so causing unnecessary wastage and plant down-time.

Delegates are encouraged to bring typical troubleshooting problems to the workshop, to discover a more cost-effective way of resolving their problems.

**THE WORKSHOP**

**PRE-REQUISITES**
A basic working knowledge of industrial electrical, instrumentation and communications applications is useful.

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**THE PROGRAM**

**DAY ONE**

**WHAT IS INDUSTRIAL TROUBLESHOOTING?**

**INTRODUCTION & BASICS**
- Processes
- Measurement
- Control systems basics
- Matters of safety
- Decision making
- Troubleshooting basics
- Feedback to prevent a recurrence
- Examples of personal experience

**PLC TROUBLESHOOTING**
- Types of PLC's in use
- System architecture
- Communication strategies
- Strategic use of documentation to aid fault location and diagnosis
- Actual PLC fault identification
- Examples of typical fault conditions, diagnosis and repair

**SENSORS & MEASURING DEVICES**
- Overview of sensor types
  - Pressure
  - Temperature
  - Flow
  - Level
- Voltage, current and frequency/pulse interfacing
- Using the P & I diagram and loop schematics to aid fault location
- Testing, repair, replacement and recommissioning of devices
- Examples of typical fault conditions, diagnosis and repair

**DAY TWO**

**ACTUATORS & DRIVES**
- Overview of actuators and drive types
- Control strategies
- Communication and power interfacing
- Examples of typical fault conditions, diagnosis and repair

**ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS**
- Overview of MV power systems, cabling, transformers and switching, shielding and grounding
- Motors and Motor Control Centres (MCC's)
- Variable Speed Drive (VSD) suites
- Lighting and small power systems
- Examples of typical fault conditions, diagnosis and repair

**COMMUNICATIONS & NETWORK TROUBLESHOOTING**
- Overview of process plant communications and network strategies
- Interfacing problems and system fault location
- Examples of typical fault conditions, diagnosis and repair

**TROUBLESHOOTING TOOLS & INSTRUMENTS**
- Overview of appropriate tools and test equipment
- Safe and effective use
- Calibration of test equipment
- Examples of how fault conditions can be incorrectly diagnosed

**SUMMARY, OPEN FORUM & CLOSING**

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“**This is the best technical briefing/training course I have ever attended. Instructor and attendees are fully involved throughout.**”

Colin Jenkins, TAS Engineering Consultants

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